

词典、语音合成资源接入文档

- 如需直观了解情况，您可前往 <https://fanyi.baidu.com/> 验证，两者的数据源是同源的。
- 词典json字符串可在<https://www.json.cn/> 中可视化查看节点，需做utf-8转义。
- 中中释义/英英释义/简明释义可以理解为本三本独立的词典，开发者在使用时，选择其中一个即可。

目前已开放的资源：

中文：（中文字、词）

- 简明释义
- 中中释义
- 单词集锦（类似于词以类记，少部分有）

英语：（英文单词、短语）

- 简明释义
- 英英释义

注：原文query为英文单词或词组时，simple_means、edict有内容且为字符串，zdict为空字符串；

原文query为中文字或词时，simple_means、zdict有内容且为字符串，edict为空字符串；

原文为句子（有标点符号）或非词组时，dict字段为空字符串。

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一、词典数据字段节点

英文json结构层级：

dict字段下：

第一层	第二层	第三层	第四层	第五层	第六层
lang: 0:中文; 1:英文					
word_result: 词典结果	zdict:中中释义, query为中文时空				
	edict: 英英释义	item: 项目	tr_group:英文释义组 根据词性分, 有几种词性就有几个tr_group	tr: 具体释义	
				example: 例句, 如无例句则为空	
			similar_word:可作为替换的词, 如无则为空		
	word: 原文query				
	simple_means: 简明释义	word_name:原文query			
		from: 单词来源, 可忽略			
		word_means:单词含义, 数组			

	exchange: 不同时态: word_third: 第三人称单数 word_ing: 进行时态 word_done: 完成时态 word_pl: 复数形式 word_past: 过去时态		
	tags: 词汇标签	core: 核心词; 如高考、考研 other: 其他标签	
	symbols: 音标	ph_en: 英式音标 ph_am: 美式音标	
		parts: 词性组	part: 词性, 有几种词性就有几个part
			means: 词义
	ph_other: 其他音标, 一般为空		
general_knowledge: 单词集锦 (只有极少数常用词有此字段, 中英文里字段是一致的) 建议忽略此字段	similar_words: 同类词 en:英文释义; zh:中文释义		
	word_name: 词语query		
	word_lang: 词语语言		
	word_type: 词语类型, 如水果		

中文json结构层级:

dict字段下:

第一层	第二层	第三层	第四层	第五层	第六层
lang: 0:中文; 1:英文					
word_result: 词典结果	edict: 英英释义, query为中文时为空				
	zdict: 中中释义	simple: 简洁版	chenyu: 是否为成语, 如否则为Null	"from ": 成语来源; "grammer": 用法; "pinyin": 拼音; "explain": "成语含义"; "example": "成语例句"; "synonyms": 成语同义词; "antonym": 成语反义词	
			means: 释义	pinyin: 拼音	
				exp["des"]: 解释	main: 主要释义
					sub: 次要释义 (通常为 空)
				pos: 在词典中位置, 一般为空	
		detail: 详尽版	chenyu: 是否为成语, 如否则为Null	"from ": 成语来源; "grammer": 用法; "pinyin": 拼音; "explain": "成语含义"; "example": "成语例句"; "synonyms": 成语同义词; "antonym": 成语反义词	
			means: 释义	pinyin: 拼音	main: 主要释义
				exp["des"]: 解释	sub: 次要释义 (通常为 空)
		word: 原文query			
	simple_means: 简明释义	symbols: 属性	word_symbol: 拼音		

	parts: 词组	part_name (一般为空)	text: 词组内容 part: 词性 word_mean: 英文释义 means: 中文含义
	word_name: 原文query		
	from: 来源		
	word_means: 含义		
general_knowledge: 单词集锦 (只有极少数常用词有此字段, 中英文里字段是一致的) 建议忽略此字段	similar_words: 同类词	en: 英文释义; zh: 中文释义	
	word_name: 词语query		
	word_lang: 词语语言		
	word_type: 词语类型, 如水果		
synthesize_means	汉英大词典, 因并非所有词汇都有结果, 因此省略, 后续可能将“汉英大词典”结果关闭, 建议忽略此字段。		

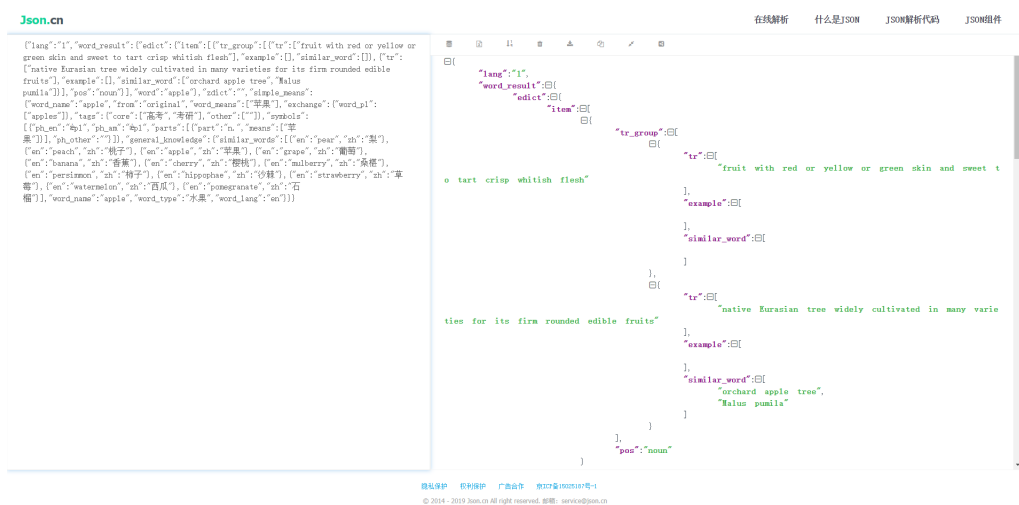
二、示例

1、英文：以apple为例

API返回的dict结果：



```
{
  "lang": "1",
  "word_result": {
    "edict": {
      "item": {
        "tr_group": {
          "tr": [
            "fruit with red or yellow or green skin and sweet to tart crisp whitish flesh",
            "example": [],
            "similar_word": {
              "orchard apple tree",
              "Malus pumila"
            },
            "pos": "noun"
          ],
          "word": "apple",
          "zdict": "",
          "simple_means": {
            "word_name": "apple",
            "from": "original",
            "word_means": ["苹果"],
            "exchange": {
              "word_pl": ["apples"],
              "tags": {
                "core": ["高考", "考研"],
                "other": []
              },
              "symbols": {
                "ph_en": "pl",
                "ph_am": "pl",
                "parts": {
                  "part": "n",
                  "means": ["苹果"]
                }
              },
              "ph_other": ""
            },
            "general_knowledge": {
              "similar_words": {
                "en": "pear",
                "zh": "梨",
                "en": "peach",
                "zh": "桃子",
                "en": "apple",
                "zh": "苹果",
                "en": "grape",
                "zh": "葡萄",
                "en": "banana",
                "zh": "香蕉",
                "en": "cherry",
                "zh": "樱桃",
                "en": "mulberry",
                "zh": "桑椹",
                "en": "persimmon",
                "zh": "柿子",
                "en": "hippophae",
                "zh": "沙棘",
                "en": "strawberry",
                "zh": "草莓",
                "en": "watermelon",
                "zh": "西瓜",
                "en": "pomegranate",
                "zh": "石榴"
              },
              "word_name": "apple",
              "word_type": "水果",
              "word_lang": "en"
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

可视化效果：



用户端解析后应用效果示例：

apple

英 ['æpl]   美 ['æpl]  

n. 苹果

复数: [apples](#)

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英英释义

noun

- 1 fruit with red or yellow or green skin and sweet to tart crisp whitish flesh
- 2 native Eurasian tree widely cultivated in many varieties for its firm rounded edible fruits

Synonym: [orchard apple tree](#) [Malus pumila](#)

2、英文：以take为例

API返回的dict结果:

```
{ "lang": "1", "word_result": { "edict": { "item": { "tr_group": { "tr": ["the act of photographing a scene or part of a scene without interruption"], "example": [], "similar_word": [], "tr": ["the income or profit arising from such transactions as the sale of land or other property"], "example": ["the average return was about 5%"], "similar_word": ["return", "issue", "takings", "proceeds", "yield", "payoff"]}, {"tr": ["be stricken by an illness, fall victim to an illness"], "example": ["He got AIDS", "She came down with pneumonia", "She took a chill"], "similar_word": ["contract", "get"], {"tr": ["remove something concrete, as by lifting, pushing, or taking off, or remove something abstract"], "example": ["remove a threat", "remove a wrapper", "Remove the dirty dishes from the table", "take the gun from your pocket", "This machine withdraws heat from the environment"], "similar_word": ["remove", "take away", "withdraw"]}, {"tr": ["ascertain or determine by measuring, computing or take a reading from a dial"], "example": ["take a pulse", "A reading was taken of the earth's tremors"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["take on a certain form, attribute, or aspect"], "example": ["His voice took on a sad tone", "The story took a new turn", "he adopted an air of superiority", "She assumed strange manners", "The gods assume human or animal form in these fables"], "similar_word": ["assume", "acquire", "adopt", "take on"], {"tr": ["be seized or affected in a specified way"], "example": ["take sick", "be taken drunk"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["be a student of a certain subject"], "example": ["She is reading for the bar exam"], "similar_word": ["learn", "study", "read"]}, {"tr": ["interpret something in a certain way", "convey a particular meaning or impression"], "example": ["I read this address as a satire", "How should I take this message?", "You can't take credit for this!"], "similar_word": ["read"], {"tr": ["accept or undergo, often unwillingly"], "example": ["We took a pay cut"], "similar_word": ["submit"], {"tr": ["pick out, select, or choose from a number of alternatives"], "example": ["Take any one of these cards", "Choose a good husband for your daughter", "She selected a pair of shoes from among the dozen the salesgirl had shown her"], "similar_word": ["choose", "select", "pick out"], {"tr": ["take into consideration for exemplifying purposes"], "example": ["Take the case of China", "Consider the following case"], "similar_word": ["consider", "deal", "look at"], {"tr": ["take as an undesirable consequence of some event or state of affairs"], "example": ["the accident claimed three lives", "The hard work took its toll on her"], "similar_word": ["claim", "exact"], {"tr": ["lay claim to", "as of an idea"], "example": ["She took credit for the whole idea"], "similar_word": ["claim"], {"tr": ["make a film or photograph of something"], "example": ["take a scene", "shoot a movie"], "similar_word": ["film", "shoot"], {"tr": ["obtain by winning"], "example": ["Winner takes all", "He took first prize"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["point or cause to go (blows, weapons, or objects such as photographic equipment) towards"], "example": ["Please don't aim at your little brother!", "He trained his gun on the burglar", "Don't train your camera on the women", "Take a swipe at one's opponent"], "similar_word": ["aim", "train", "take aim", "direct"], {"tr": ["serve oneself to, or consume regularly"], "example": ["Have another bowl of chicken soup!", "I don't take sugar in my coffee"], "similar_word": ["consume", "ingest", "take in", "have"], {"tr": ["get into one's hands, take physically"], "example": ["Take a cookie!", "Can you take this bag, please?"], "similar_word": ["get hold of"], {"tr": ["have sex with", "archaic use"], "example": ["He had taken this woman when she was most vulnerable"], "similar_word": ["have"], {"tr": ["travel or go by means of a certain kind of transportation, or a certain route"], "example": ["He takes the bus to work", "She takes Route 1 to Newark"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["proceed along in a vehicle"], "example": ["We drive the turnpike to work"], "similar_word": ["drive"], {"tr": ["occupy or take on"], "example": ["He assumes the lotus position", "She took her seat on the stage", "We took our seats in the orchestra", "She took up her position behind the tree", "strike a pose"], "similar_word": ["assume", "strike", "take up"], {"tr": ["take somebody somewhere"], "example": ["We lead him to our chief", "can you take me to the main entrance?", "He conducted us to the palace"], "similar_word": ["lead", "direct", "conduct", "guide"], {"tr": ["head into a specified direction"], "example": ["The escaped convict took to the hills", "We made for the mountains"], "similar_word": ["make"], {"tr": ["take something or somebody with oneself somewhere"], "example": ["Bring me the box from the other room", "Take these letters to the boss", "This brings me to the main point"], "similar_word": ["bring", "convey"], {"tr": ["experience or feel or submit to"], "example": ["Take a test", "Take the plunge"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["to get into a position of having, e.g., safety, comfort"], "example": ["take shelter from the storm"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["take into one's possession"], "example": ["We are taking an orphan from Romania", "I'll take three salmon steaks"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["take by force"], "example": ["Hitler took the Baltic Republics", "The army took the fort on the hill"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["buy, select"], "example": ["I'll take a pound of that sausage"], "similar_word": []}, {"tr": ["engage for service under a term of contract"], "example": ["We took an apartment on a quiet street", "Let's rent a car", "Shall we take a guide in Rome?"], "similar_word": ["lease", "rent", "hire", "charter", "engage"], {"tr": ["receive or obtain regularly"], "example": ["We take the Times every day"], "
```

similar_word":["subscribe","subscribe to"]},{tr:["make use of or accept for some purpose"],example:["take a risk","take an opportunity"],similar_word":["accept"]},{tr:["receive willingly something given or offered"],example:["The only girl who would have him was the miller's daughter","I won't have this dog in my house!","Please accept my present"],similar_word":["accept","have"]},{tr:["admit into a group or community"],example":["accept students for graduate study","We'll have to vote on whether or not to admit a new member"],similar_word":["accept","admit","take on"]},{tr:["require (time or space)"],example":["It took three hours to get to work this morning","This event occupied a very short time"],similar_word":["occupy","use up"]},{tr:["assume, as of positions or roles"],example":["She took the job as director of development","he occupies the position of manager","the young prince will soon occupy the throne"],similar_word":["fill","occupy"]},{tr:["develop a habit"],example":["He took to visiting bars"],similar_word":["carry out"],example":["take action","take steps","take vengeance"],similar_word":["require as useful, just, or proper"],example":["It takes nerve to do what she did","success usually requires hard work","This job asks a lot of patience and skill","This position demands a lot of personal sacrifice","This dinner calls for a spectacular dessert","This intervention does not postulate a patient's consent"],similar_word":["necessitate","ask","postulate","need","require","involve","call for","demand"]},{tr:["be capable of holding or containing"],example":["This box won't take all the items","The flask holds one gallon"],similar_word":["contain","hold"]},{tr:["have with oneself","have on one's person"],example":["She always takes an umbrella","I always carry money","She packs a gun when she goes into the mountains"],similar_word":["carry","pack"]},{tr:["be designed to hold or take"],example":["This surface will not take the dye"],similar_word":["accept"]},{pos:"verb"},word:"take",{zdict:"",simple_means":{"word_name":"take","from":"original","word_means":["携带","拿走","取走","运走","带去","引领","使达到","把...推向","把...带到"],"scene","镜头","收入额","进项","看法","意见"},exchange":{"word_third":["takes"],"word_ing":["taking"],"word_done":["taken"],"word_past":["took"]},"tags":{"core":["高考","考研"],"other":[""]},"symbols":{"ph_en":["tek","ph_am":["tek"],"parts":{"part":"v","means":["携带","拿走","取走","运走","带去","引领","使达到","把...推向","把...带到(另一个层次、层面等)"],"part":"n","means":["(不停机一次连续拍摄的)场景","镜头","收入额","进项","看法","意见"]},"ph_other":[""]}}}

用户端解析后应用效果示例:

take

英 [teɪk] 美 [teɪk]

- v. 携带; 拿走; 取走; 运走; 带去; 引领; 使达到, 把...推向, 把...带到(另一个层次、层面等)
- n. (不停机一次连续拍摄的)场景, 镜头; 收入额; 进项; 看法; 意见



第三人称单数: [takes](#) 现在分词: [taking](#) 过去式: [took](#) 过去分词: [taken](#)

高考 考研



3、中文：以专心致志为例

API返回的dict结果:

```
{ "lang": "0", "word_result": { "edict": "", "zdict": { "simple": null, "word": "专心致志", "detail": { "chenyu": { "from": "《孟子·告子上》：‘夫今弈之为数，小数也，不专心致志，则不得也。’", "grammar": "联合式；作谓语、定语、状语；含褒义", "pinyin": "zhū ān xī n zhì zhì", "explain": "致：尽，极；志：意志。把心思全放在上面。形容一心一意，聚精会神。", "example": "不由我不~搞这一套。", "synonyms": "聚精会神、专心一志、一心一意", "antonym": "心不在焉、心猿意马、魂不守舍", "means": null, "simple_means": { "symbols": { "word_symbol": "zhū ān xī n zhì zhì", "parts": [{"part_name": "", "means": [{"text": "devote oneself heart and soul to"}, {"word_mean": "devote oneself heart and soul to"}, {"text": "be thoroughly engrossed in", "part": "", "word_mean": "be wedded to"}, {"text": "", "word_mean": "be wedded to"}, {"means": [{"text": "do sth. with a will", "word_mean": "do sth. with a will"}]}]}}, "word_name": "专心致志", "from": "CEDict", "word_means": ["devote oneself heart and soul to"]
```

and soul to","be thoroughly engrossed in","be wedded to","do sth. with a will"},"synthesize_means":{"symbols":{"cys":{"means":{"mean_id":"4296","cy_id":"4061","part_id":null,"word_mean":"devote oneself heart and soul to ...; be thoroughly engrossed in ...; be wedded to ...; do sth. with a will; be wholly given up to ...; concentrate one's energy on ...; devote oneself to sth. wholeheartedly and exclusively; devote one's whole mind to ...; "}}},"symbol_id":"4102","xg":"","parts":[]},"word_symbol":"zhū ān xīn zhì zhì","word_id":"4073"},"word_name":"专心致志","word_id":"4073"}}

用户端解析后应用效果示例:

专心致志 [zhuān xīn zhì zhì]

[devote oneself heart and soul to;](#) [be thoroughly engrossed in;](#) [be wedded to;](#) [do sth. with a will](#)

中中释义

专心致志 [zhuān xīn zhì zhì]

[同义词] 聚精会神、专心一志、一心一意

[反义词] 心不在焉、心猿意马、魂不守舍

[解释] 致：尽，极；志：意志。把心思全放在上面。形容一心一意，聚精会神。

[例句] 不由我不~搞这一套。◎叶圣陶《招魂》

[语法] 联合式；作谓语、定语、状语；含褒义

4、中文：以中国为例

API返回的dict结果:

```
{
  "lang": "0",
  "word_result": {
    "edict": "",
    "zdict": {
      "simple": {
        "chenyu": null,
        "means": {
          "pinyin": "zhōng guó",
          "exp": {
            "des": {
              "main": "[China] 古代华夏族建国于黄河流域一带,以为居天下之中,故称中国。后成为我国的专称。全称中华人民共和国。面积9600000平方公里,人口12亿(1994),首都北京,"
            },
              "sub": []
            },
            "pos": ""
          },
          "des": {
            "main": "(1) [Central Plains] : 指中原地区,"
            },
            "sub": []
          },
          "main": "与中国抗衡。——《资治通鉴》",
            "sub": []
          },
          "main": "(2) 又",
            "sub": []
          },
          "main": "驱中国士众。",
            "sub": []
          },
          "main": "将中国人。",
            "sub": []
          },
          "main": "(3) [capital] : 京城,"
            "sub": []
          },
          "main": "惠此中国,以绥四方。——《诗·大雅》",
            "sub": []
          },
          "pos": ""
        },
        "word": "中国",
        "detail": {
          "chenyu": null,
          "means": {
            "pinyin": "zhōng guó",
            "exp": {
              "des": {
                "main": "上古时代,我国华夏族建国于黄河流域一带,以为居天下之中,故称中国,而把周围其他地区称为四方。后泛指中原地区。",
                "sub": [
                  "《诗·小雅·六月序》:“《小雅》尽废,则四夷交侵,中国微矣。”《庄子·田子方》:“吾闻中国之君子,明乎礼义而陋於知人心。”《韩非子·孤愤》:“夫越虽国富兵强,中国之主皆知无益於己也。”汉桓宽《盐铁论·申韩》:“大河之始决於瓠子也,涓涓尔,及其卒,泛滥为中国害。”南朝宋刘义庆《世说新语·言语》:“江左地促,不如中国。”宋惠洪《冷斋夜话·岭外梅花》:“岭外梅花与中国异,其花几类桃花之色,而唇红香著。”清叶廷《吹网录·柳边纪略》:“泉甘土肥,物产如参貂,非中国有。”}],
                "main": "指生长、居住在中原地区的人。",
                "sub": [
                  "《晋书·宣帝纪》:“吴以中国不习水战,故敢散居东关。”宋陈善《扈虱新话·阮籍知母而不知父》:“夫籍中国也,而与夷狄无异。”《宋史·岳飞传》:“金人所以立刘豫於河南,盖欲荼毒中原,以中国攻中国。”)],
                "main": "犹国家,朝廷。",
                "sub": [
                  "《礼记·檀弓》:“今之大夫交政於中国,虽欲勿哭,焉得而弗哭。”《汉书·西南夷传》:“即以为不毛之地,亡用之民,圣王不以劳中国,宜罢郡,放弃其民,其王侯勿通。”宋叶适《上光宗皇帝札子》:“以为中国全盛,而当思维持保守。”)],
                "main": "京师。",
                "sub": [
                  "《诗·大雅·民劳》:“惠此中国,以绥四方。”毛传:“中国,京师也。”《史记·五帝本纪》:“夫而后之中国,践天子位焉。”裴集解引刘熙曰:“帝王所都为中,故曰中国。”唐李贺《李凭箜篌引》:“江娥啼竹素女怨,李凭中国弹箜篌。”方世举注:“中国,作都中解。”)],
                "main": "我国的专称。",
                "sub": [
                  "清林则徐《拟谕英吉利国王檄》:“中国所行於外国者,无一非利人之物。”毛泽东《纪念孙中山先生》:“中国应当对于人类有较大的贡献。”)],
                "main": "指恒河中流一带的中印度,佛教徒译称中国。参阅晋法显《佛国记》。",
                "sub": [
                  "[]",
                  "pos": ""
                ]
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              "simple_means": {
                "symbols": {
                  "word_symbol": "zhōng guó",
                  "parts": {
                    "part_name": "",
                    "means": {
                      "text": "China",
                      "part": "n",
                      "word_mean": "China",
                      "means": [
                        "China",
                        "Sino-"
                      ]
                    },
                    "text": "Sino-",
                    "part": "comb",
                    "word_mean": "Sino-",
                    "means": [
                      "中国的",
                      "中国人(的)"
                    ]
                  },
                  "word_name": "中国",
                  "from": "CEDict",
                  "word_means": [
                    "China",
                    "Sino-"
                  ],
                  "synthesize_means": {
                    "symbols": {
                      "cys": {
                        "means": {
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                          "lj_id": "2491",
                          "ls": "road of socialism with Chinese characteristics",
                          "ly": "中国特色的社会主义道路",
                          "cy_id": "4907",
                          "part_id": null,
                          "word_mean": "China; Sino-"
                        },
                        "symbol_id": "4967",
                        "xg": "",
                        "parts": [
                          "word_symbol": "zhōng guó",
                          "word_id": "4930",
                          "word_name": "中国",
                          "word_id": "4930"
                        ]
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                    }
                  }
                }
              }
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

用户端解析后应用效果示例:

中中释义

中国 [zhōng guó]

[China] 古代华夏族建国于黄河流域一带,以为居天下之中,故称中国。后成为我国的专称。全称中华人民共和国。面积9600000平方公里,人口12亿(1994),首都北京

中国应当对人类有较大的贡献

(1) [Central Plains]: 指中原地区

与中国抗衡。——《资治通鉴》

(2) 又

驱中国士众。

将中国人。

(3) [capital]: 京城

惠此中国,以绥四方。——《诗·大雅》

三、接入指南

接入词典、语音合成资源

使用词典、语音合成资源请先进行认证,之后发送邮件至translate_api@baidu.com申请开通词典或语音合成资源。

开通词典、语音合成资源后,API翻译结果中默认附带dict(词典)和tts(字段),均**仅针对中英、英中互译有效**。

词典资源:

词典分中英词典,如源语言为中文,词典数据包括:拼音、词性、中文释义、英文释义、近义词等资源,由于每个词属性不同,词典结果不一定包含所有部分。

如源语言为英文,词典数据包括:中文释义、英文释义、音标、核心词汇类别等。

注:单个query需为词、词组或短语,如query为句子,则dict字段为空。

语音合成资源:

语音合成资源包含query原文、译文的发音,以mp3文件格式提供。

注:单个query内分段数超过3段,或字数超过500字,则tts字段为空。

四、常见问题

Q: 词典、语音合成资源如何开启?

A: 如需接入语音合成、词典资源,请先完成身份认证(管理控制台-开发者信息处),随后将您的APPID、公司名称、使用场景邮件发送至translate_api@baidu.com,审核开通后即可使用。

Q: 我应该如何获取词典、语音合成资源结果?

A: 接入文档与通用翻译API一致,接入流程上无变化。与未开通词典、语音合成服务相比,仅在返回结果处增加tts、dict字段及json字符串,请注意辨别字段名称。

3、Q: 我已开通词典、语音合成资源,但想在结果中隐藏,应该怎么办?

A: 如需隐藏词典、语音合成信息,可在拼接请求参数时附加"&dict=1&tts=1",例如,如仅需隐藏tts字段,完整请求为:
[http://api.fanyi.baidu.com/api/trans/vip/translate?](http://api.fanyi.baidu.com/api/trans/vip/translate?q=apple&from=en&to=zh&appid=2015063000000001&salt=1435660288&sign=f89f9594663708c1605f3d736d01d2d4&tts=1)
[q=apple&from=en&to=zh&appid=2015063000000001&salt=1435660288&sign=f89f9594663708c1605f3d736d01d2d4&tts=1](http://api.fanyi.baidu.com/api/trans/vip/translate?q=apple&from=en&to=zh&appid=2015063000000001&salt=1435660288&sign=f89f9594663708c1605f3d736d01d2d4&tts=1)

4、Q: 是否提供例句资源? 百度翻译网页上很多例句,我怎么拿来用呢?

A: 中中释义、英英释义、简明释义里包含少部分例句，限于版权原因，百度翻译API内暂无法提供例句资源。

5、Q: 我如何获得真人单词发音资源?

A: 限于版权原因，百度翻译API内暂无法提供真人发音，您可以试试机器语音合成效果（TTS资源）。